



PRODUCT CARE

www.jansenfurniture.com

TEXTILES

- Textile care can be accomplished through vacuuming or gentle brushing
- To maintain textiles, keep them away from direct sunlight. When vacuuming, rotate and flip cushions for even wear. For high-pile textiles like velvet, lightly steam them to restore their original pile height. Use a de-linting brush to maintain the pile.
- Avoid using water-based or solvent cleaners as they may cause discoloration. Stained or soiled textiles should be professionally cleaned.

LEATHER

- Leather is a soft, porous material that can absorb liquids and oils. Avoid saturating it with lotion or water for an extended period.
- Care for leather by dusting and light vacuuming.
- Keep leather away from direct sunlight and heating vents. It's a natural material that breathes and changes with wear. Stained or soiled leather should be professionally cleaned.
- Dust and vacuum leather regularly. For daily or weekly dusting, use a soft, lint-free cloth slightly dampened with distilled water. Avoid direct sunlight exposure.
- Keep leather furniture at least 12" away from radiators and other heat sources.

WOOD & LACQUER

- Dust wood, lacquer, and linen pieces regularly with a soft cloth.
- Avoid placing them near heaters and air conditioning units to prevent over-drying or exposure to excessive moisture.
- Protect against extreme humidity changes, as dry air can cause wood to crack and lacquer to lift.
- Do not place hot or moist objects directly on the wood. Rubber or plastic left on the finish can also cause damage.
- Clean with a dry or slightly damp soft cloth. Avoid commercial, heavy-duty polishes or waxes as they can yellow light finishes.
- Stained or soiled wood, lacquer, or mother of pearl pieces should be professionally cleaned or refinished

POLISHED METAL

- Clean polished metal with a damp cloth. Avoid commercial or heavy-duty polishes, as they can scratch or damage the finish.
- Recommended polishes include Brasso, Simichrome, or Flitz. These can be used safely, but if there's a wax sealer coat, it may need re-waxing after polishing.

MARBLE

- Clean marble gently with soft, clean cloths slightly dampened with plain water or diluted, non-aggressive, neutral detergents. Avoid applying undue pressure to prevent marks or uneven areas.
- Do not use acid or alkaline detergents as they can cause irreversible damage.

GLASS, CRYSTAL & MIRROR

- Clean glass and crystal by wiping with a soft damp cloth or a glass cleaner without additives. Apply the cleaner to a cloth rather than directly on the fixture to avoid overspray that may damage other finishes.

METALS

- Never use cleaners with alcohols or solvents on metals.
- Use fine cotton or extra soft cloths for cleaning. Tarnished metals should be professionally cleaned.

ALL MATERIALS

Seek professional assistance for heavily damaged or excessively worn products